

# **Specimen Collection and Transportation Information**

Test Name	Mnemonic	Section	Specimen Type	
Factor Assay	FACTA	Coagulation	Plasma	

- Preparation of the Patient: NA
- Type of Collection Container: 3.2 % buffered trisodium citrate (Blue top)
- Types and Amounts of Preservatives or Anticoagulants: 3.2 % buffered trisodium citrate
- Quantity of Specimen to be collected: Up to the given mark on blue top tube or 1.8 cc blood is collected in 3.2 % buffered trisodium citrate in (2 tubes).
  - Minimum Quantity: 03 Sodium citrated tubes.

### • Transportation Temperature:

- a) Whole blood citrated tube sent at room temperature (+18 to +24 °C) within 2 hour of specimen collection.
- b) Citrated Plasma sent in frozen state in dry ice.
- Need for Special Timing for Collection (where applicable): NA

#### • Specimen Stability Information:

- a) Whole blood specimen is stored at room temperature (+18 to +24 °C) for 3 hours.
- b) It is unacceptable to store plasma at refrigerated temperature (+2 to +8 °C).
- c) Citrated plasma is stored at freezing temperature (-20 °C) for up to 4 weeks.

#### • Special Instruction:

- a) It is important that the blood is added to the appropriate volume of anticoagulant within one minute of draw.
- b) Regardless of the device use for specimen collection, all tubes should be inverted at least four times to mix.
- c) Excess mixing can cause hemolysis and/or platelet activation leading to erroneous result.
- d) If multiple specimens are collected, the coagulation sample can be the first tube or only tube drawn.
- e) The citrated concentration must be adjusted in patients who have hematocrit value above 55%.
- f) Platelet poor plasma is required for coagulation testing. For specimen preparation the capped specimen tube is centrifuged at 4000 rpm for 10 minutes at room temperature.

Page 1 of 2

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#### • Rejection Criteria:

- a) Specimen improper labeled as to patient identity (unlabeled or mislabeled).
- b) Patient identification mismatched between specimen and requisition slip.
- c) Specimen improper collected i.e. hemolysed, clotted, over-filled or under-filled tubes.
- d) Improper collection container i.e. leakage or broken sample tube or container.
- e) Improper preservative, or improper anticoagulant e.g. 3.8% sodium citrate, EDTA, oxalate or heparin.
- f) Sample is drawn through a vascular Access Device (VAD) using a blood collection system or a syringe.
- g) Incomplete test requisition slip (i.e., required test information not present)
- h) Specimen volume inadequate (QNS) for analysis.
- i) Wrong or inappropriate source given for testing.
- j) Excessive delay in specimen transport or improperly transported (i.e., not on ice or required temperature).
- k) Specimen contaminated with biological hazardous material.
- l) Frozen specimen that have thawed upon transit from other hospitals/laboratories/collection point.
- m) Specimen who have hematocrit above 55%.

#### • Need for Appropriate Clinical Data, When Indicated (Patient history): Not Required

Methodology	Reporting	Day	Cut Off Time	Cut Off Time	Cut Off Time Out
	Scheme	Performed	Main Lab	Karachi Points	of Karachi Points
Clotting based assay	After 2 days	Monday- Friday	12:01am	10:00	Contact Nearest Collection Point

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